

Review: Quiz Competition on Constitutional Law organized by LawFoyer

Respondent

301 Anonymous

03:47 200/200
Time to complete Points

Details of Participant

1. Full Name * Score / 0 pts

LawFoyer

Score / 0 pts

2. Email Id *

3. WhatsApp Number *

Score / 0 pts

Questions

There is **no negative** marking and each question carries **4 marks**.

✓ **Correct** 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

4. The Governor of a State is appointed by the President on the advice of the

- ☒ (a) Prime Minister ✓
- ☐ (b) Vice- President
- ☐ (c) Chief Minister
- ☐ (d) Chief Justice

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

✓ **Correct** 4/4 Points

5. Which of the following is not true regarding the payment of the emoluments of the President ?

- ☐ (a) They can be reduced during a Financial Emergency.
- ☐ (b) They are shown separately in the budget.
- ☒ (c) They are charged on the Contingency Fund of India. ✓
- ☐ (d) They do not require any parliament sanction.

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

✓ **Correct** 4/4 Points

6. The council of Ministers in a Parliamentary type of Government can remain in office till it enjoys the support of the

- ☐ (a) Minority of members of the Upper House of Parliament
- ☐ (b) Majority of the members of the Upper House of Parliament
- ☐ (c) Minority of members of the Lower House
- ☒ (d) Majority of the members of the Lower House of Parliament ✓

4 / 4 pts

Auto-graded

✓ **Correct** 4/4 Points

7. Which of the following appointments is not made by the President of India

- ☐ (a) Chief of the Army
- ☒ (b) Speaker of the Lok Sabha ✓
- ☐ (c) Chief Justice of India
- ☐ (d) Chief of the Air Force

✓ **Correct** 4/4 Points4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

8. Who among the following enjoys the rank of a Cabinet Minister of the Indian Union?

- ☐ (a) None of the Above
- ☒ (b) Deputy Chairman of the Planning Commission ✓
- ☐ (c) Deputy Chairman, Rajya Sabha
- ☐ (d) Secretary to the Government of India

✓ **Correct** 4/4 Points4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

9. If in a country there happens to be the office of monarchy as well as a Parliamentary form of government this monarch will be called

- ☒ (a) Head of the State ✓
- ☐ (b) Head of the Cabinet
- ☐ (c) Head of the government
- ☐ (d) Both Head of the government and State

✓ **Correct** 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

10. Who acts as the President of India when neither the President nor the Vice President is available ?

- ☐ (a) Seniormost Governor of a State
- ☒ (b) Chief Justice of India ✓
- ☐ (c) Speaker of Lok Sabha
- ☐ (d) Auditor General of India

✓ **Correct** 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

11. When a State Governor dies or resigns, who normally exercises his functions till a new Governor is appointed ?

- ☒ (a) Chief Justice of the High Court ✓
- ☐ (b) Advocate General of the State
- ☐ (c) Secretary General of the Governor
- ☐ (d) A person designated by State Cabinet

✓ **Correct** 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

12. The only instance when the President of India exercised his power of veto related to the

- ☒ (a) Indian Post Office (Amendment Bill) ✓
- ☐ (b) Dowry Prohibition Bill
- ☐ (c) Hindu Code Bill
- ☐ (d) PEPSU Appropriation Bill

✓ **Correct** 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

13. A bill in the imperial Legislative Council for compulsory and free primary education was introduced by

- ☐ (a) Mohammad Shafi
- ☐ (b) Feroz Shah Mehta
- ☒ (c) G.K. Gokhale ✓
- ☐ (d) Shankaran Nair

✓ **Correct** 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

14. The Constituent Assembly which framed the Consitution for Independent India was set up in

- ☐ (a) 1947
- ☐ (b) 1949
- ☐ (c) 1945
- ☒ (d) 1946 ✓

✓ **Correct** 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

15. Which of the following Acts gave representation to the Indians for the first time in legislation ?

- ☐ (a) Indian Councils Act, 1919
- ☒ (b) Govt. of India Act, 1935 ✓
- ☐ (c) Indian Councils Act, 1909
- ☐ (d) Govt of India Act, 1919

✓ **Correct** 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

16. The idea of the Constitution of India was first of all given by

- ☐ (a) Dr. B.R. Ambedkar
- ☐ (b) Jawaharlal Nehru
- ☒ (c) Shri M.N. Roy ✓
- ☐ (d) Mahatma Gandhi

✓ **Correct** 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

17. The Constitution names our country as

- ☐ (a) Bharat
- ☐ (b) Aryavarta
- ☐ (c) Hindustan
- ☒ (d) India, that is Bharat ✓

✓ **Correct** 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

18. Which of the following writs is issued by the court in case of illegal detention of a person ?

- ☐ (a) Quo Warranto
- ☒ (b) Habeas Corpus ✓
- ☐ (c) Mandamus
- ☐ (d) Certiorari

✓ **Correct** 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

19. Judicial Review function of the Supreme Court means the power to

- ☐ (a) Review the functioning of judiciary in the country
- ☐ (b) Undertake periodic review of the Constitution.
- ☒ (c) Examine the constitutional validity of the laws ✓
- ☐ (d) Review its own judgement

✓ **Correct** 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

20. For the enforcement of Fundamental Rights, the Supreme Court may issue a/an

- ☐ (a) Notification
- ☒ (b) Writ ✓
- ☐ (c) Decree
- ☐ (d) Ordinance

✓ **Correct** 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

21. After retirement, a Judge of a High Court can undertake practice in

- ☒ (a) Any other court except the same court ✓
- ☐ (b) Wherever he intends to practice.
- ☐ (c) The same court
- ☐ (d) Lower courts only

✓ **Correct** 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

22. Separation of the Judiciary from the Executive is enjoined by

- ☐ (a) VII Schedule to the Constitution
- ☐ (b) Judicial decision
- ☒ (c) Directive Principles ✓
- ☐ (d) Preamble

✓ **Correct** 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

23. The President of India referred the Ayodhya issue to the Supreme Court of India under which Article ?

- ☒ (a) 143 ✓
- ☐ (b) 132
- ☐ (c) 138
- ☐ (d) 136

✓ **Correct** 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

24. Which one of the following comes under the jurisdiction of both the High Court and the Supreme Court ?

- ☐ (a) Disputes between the States inter se
- ☐ (b) Protection against the violation of the Constitution
- ☒ (c) Protection of the Fundamental Rights ✓
- ☐ (d) Disputes between the Centre and the States

✓ **Correct** 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

25. Which of the following writs is a bulwark of personal freedom ?

- ☐ (a) Certiorari
- ☒ (b) Habeas Corpus ✓
- ☐ (c) Mandamus
- ☐ (d) Quo Warranto

✓ **Correct** 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

26. Salaries of the Judges of the Supreme Court are drawn from the

- ☐ (a) Grants-in-aid
- ☐ (b) Public Accounts
- ☐ (c) Contingency Fund
- ☒ (d) Consolidated Fund ✓

✓ **Correct** 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

27. Which of the following High Courts covers more than one State/ Union Territories ?

- ☐ (a) Allahabad
- ☐ (b) None of these
- ☒ (c) Guwahati ✓
- ☐ (d) Delhi

✓ **Correct** 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

28. In whom are the powers of Judicial Review vested in India ?

- ☐ (a) All the courts
- ☒ (b) Supreme Court and all the High Courts ✓
- ☐ (c) President
- ☐ (d) Parliament

✓ **Correct** 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

29. By which Constitutional amendment was the voting age brought down from 21 to 18?

- ☐ a) 37st Constitutional Amendment of 1985
- ☒ b) 61st Constitutional Amendment of 1988 ✓
- ☐ c) 56st Constitutional Amendment of 1993
- ☐ d) 46st Constitutional Amendment of 1985

✓ **Correct** 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

30. In which of the following the term "State" is defined ?

- ☐ (a) Article 10
- ☒ (b) Article 12 ✓
- ☐ (c) Article 13
- ☐ (d) Article 32

✓ **Correct** 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

31. Which of the following is not matched correctly?

- ☐ a) Part VI: State Governments
- ☒ b) Part IV: Fundamental Rights ✓
- ☐ c) Part II: Citizenship
- ☐ d) Part I: Union and its Territories

✓ **Correct** 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

32. Expos Facto Laws are mentioned under which of the following provisions?

- ☒ a) Article 20 (1) ✓
- ☐ b) Article 20 (2)
- ☐ c) Article 20 (3)
- ☐ d) Article 21

✓ **Correct** 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

33. The concept of „Due Process“ was established under which of the following case

- ☐ a) Sajjan Singh v State of Punjab
- ☐ b) Keshvananda Bharti v State of Kerala
- ☐ c) Minerva Mills v Union of India
- ☒ d) Maneka Gandhi v Union of India ✓

✓ **Correct** 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

34. Right to life includes right to livelihood was mentioned in which of the following cases?

- ☐ a) A.K. Gopalan v State of Madras
- ☐ b) I.R. Coelho v State of Tamil Nadu
- ☒ c) Olga Tellis v Bombay Municipal Corporation ✓
- ☐ d) Waman Rao v Union of India

✓ **Correct** 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

35. Right to life" under Article 21 of the Constitution does not include „right to die". This observation was made by the Supreme Court in

- ☐ a) P. Rathinam v. Union of India
- ☒ b) Gian Kaur v. State of Punjab ✓
- ☐ c) Golak Nath v. State of Punjab
- ☐ d) Maneka Gandhi v. Union of India

✓ **Correct** 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

36. The idea of „Directive Principles of State Policy is borrowed from:

- ☐ (a) Australia
- ☐ (b) Canada
- ☒ (c) Ireland ✓
- ☐ (d) United Kingdom

✓ **Correct** 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

37. The State shall endeavour to secure for the citizens a Uniform Civil Code throughout the territory of India as per

- ☐ (a) Article 40
- ☐ (b) Article 42
- ☐ (c) Article 43
- ☒ (d) Article 44 ✓

✓ **Correct** 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

38. The Question as to the constitution amending power of the parliament came before Supreme Court for the first time in

- ☐ (a) Golakh Nath v. State of Punjab
- ☐ (b) Indira Nehru Gandhi v. Raj Narayan
- ☒ (c) Shankari Prasad v. Union of India ✓
- ☐ (d) Minerva Mills v. Union of India

✓ **Correct** 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

39. To ensure impartiality, the retired Chief Justice and other Judges of the Supreme Court are debarred from practising law

- ☐ (a) In any court other than State High Courts
- ☐ (b) In any Criminal Court
- ☒ (c) In any court of India ✓
- ☐ (d) In any court other than the Supreme Court

✓ **Correct** 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

40. Which High Court in India, has held that the pronouncement of Talaq thrice in one go is illegal ?

- ☐ (a) Bombay High Court
- ☐ (b) None of these
- ☐ (c) Calcutta High Court
- ☒ (d) Allahabad High Court ✓

✓ **Correct** 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

41. The power of the Supreme Court to review any judgement pronounced or order made by it previously is provided in Article ?

- ☐ (a) 126
- ☐ (b) 139
- ☐ (c) 138
- ☒ (d) 137 ✓

✓ **Correct** 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

42. A common High Court for two or more states and Union Territory may be established by

- ☒ (a) Parliament by Law ✓
- ☐ (b) Chief Justice of India
- ☐ (c) President
- ☐ (d) Governor of the state

✓ **Correct** 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

43. Which of the following is not a writ issued by a superior court to an inferior court ?

- ☐ (a) Mandamus
- ☐ (b) Certiorari
- ☒ (c) Quo Warranto ✓
- ☐ (d) Prohibition

✓ **Correct** 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

44. The concept of the Judicial review has been borrowed from the Constitution of

- ☐ (a) U.K.
- ☐ (b) Switzerland
- ☒ (c) U.S.A ✓
- ☐ (d) U.S.S.R.

✓ **Correct** 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

45. Which Articles in the Constitution grants us the Right to Freedom of Religion?

- ☒ (a) Article 25-28 ✓
- ☐ (b) Article 25 only
- ☐ (c) Article 25-26
- ☐ (d) Article 27-28

✓ **Correct** 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

46. Who proposed the Preamble before the Drafting Committee of the Constitution ?

- ☐ (a) B.R. Ambedkar
- ☐ (b) Mahatma Gandhi
- ☐ (c) B.N. Rao
- ☒ (d) Jawaharlal Nehru ✓

✓ **Correct** 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

47. The original Constitution of India was handwritten by

- ☐ (a) Rafi Ahmed Kidwai
- ☐ (b) Kailash Nath Katju
- ☒ (c) Prem Behari Narain Raizada ✓
- ☐ (d) Kanaiyalal Meneklal Munshi

✓ **Correct** 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

48. Which of the following countries is India's federal system related to

- ☒ (a) Canada ✓
- ☐ (b) United Kingdom
- ☐ (c) United State of America
- ☐ (d) Ireland

✓ **Correct** 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

49. The original copies of the Indian Constitution, written in which language?

- ☐ (a) Hindi
- ☐ (b) English
- ☐ (c) Sanskrit
- ☒ (d) Both Hindi and English ✓

✓ **Correct** 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

50. Which of the following amendments to the Constitution of India is also referred to as the 'mini Constitution'?

- ☐ (a) 38th Amendment
- ☒ (b) 42nd Amendment ✓
- ☐ (c) 35th Amendment
- ☐ (d) 40th Amendment

✓ **Correct** 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

51. The States were reorganized in the year 1956 mainly on the basis of which criteria?

- ☐ (a) External and internal security
- ☐ (b) Administration facility
- ☐ (c) Geographic similarity and resource allocation
- ☒ (d) Linguistic and cultural uniformity ✓

✓ **Correct** 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

52. The ideas of liberty equality and fraternity of Indian constitution borrowed from

- ☐ (a) American Revolution
- ☐ (b) Russian Revolution
- ☒ (c) French Revolution ✓
- ☐ (d) None of these

✓ **Correct** 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

53. In which judicial case, the Supreme Court opined that government land in scheduled areas, land of tribals and forest land cannot be leased to non-tribals or private companies, for mining or industrial works and such works can only be done by tribals or government undertaking.

- ☒ (a) Samata vs. State of Andhra Pradesh ✓
- ☐ (b) State of Madhya Pradesh vs. Madanlal
- ☐ (c) P.A. Inamdar vs State of Maharashtra
- ☐ (d) ABC Vs (Delhi National Capital Territory) State

