

Review: 25th LawFoyer's Quiz on Indian Constitutional Law +Indian Polity 2026

Respondent

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04:29 240/240

Time to complete Points

1

Name *

Score / 0 pts

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✓ **Correct** 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts

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4

*

The 61st Constitutional Amendment Act, 1988, which reduced the voting age for elections to the Lok Sabha and to the Legislative Assemblies of States from 21 years to 18 years falls under the scope of which Article?

- a. Article 325
- b. Article 326 ✓
- c. Article 327
- d. Article 328

✓ **Correct** 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

5

*

Seats shall be reserved in the House of the People for the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes is provided under which Article?

- a. Article 330 ✓
- b. Article 331
- c. Article 332
- d. Article 334

✓ **Correct** 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

6

*

Originally, the reservation of seats for SCs and STs in Lok Sabha and State Assemblies was for a period of ten years from the commencement of the Constitution. This period has been extended periodically by amendments. Which Article governs this original limitation?

- a. Article 330
- b. Article 331
- c. Article 332
- d. Article 334 ✓

✓ **Correct** 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

7

*

The National Commission for Scheduled Tribes was constituted under Article 338A by the ___ Amendment Act?

- a. 89th ✓
- b. 90th
- c. 91st
- d. 93rd

✓ **Correct** 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

8

*

The National Commission for Backward Classes is constituted under Article ___ and was inserted by the ___ Amendment Act.

- a. 338A; 89th
- b. 338B; 102nd ✓
- c. 338B; 89th
- d. 338A; 102nd

✓ Correct 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

9

*

The Constitution provides that for a period of how many years from the commencement of the Constitution, the English language shall continue to be used all the official purposes of the Union for which it was being used immediately before such commencement?

- a. 10 years
- b. 15 years ✓
- c. 20 years
- d. 5 years

✓ Correct 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

10

*

A Commission and Committee of Parliament on official language are to be constituted under:

- a. Article 344 ✓
- b. Article 345
- c. Article 346
- d. Article 347

✓ Correct 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

11

*

The Governor of a State may, with the previous consent of the President, authorize the use of Hindi or any other language used for any official purposes of the State, in proceedings in the High Court having its principal seat in that State. However, this authorization does NOT apply to:

- a. Arguments by the advocates
- b. Recording of evidence
- c. Judgements, decrees, or orders passed by the High Court ✓
- d. Filing of petitions

✓ Correct 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

12

*

Article 350A and 350B, relating to facilities for instruction in mother-tongue at primary stage and Special Officer for linguistic minorities respectively, were inserted by which amendment?

- a. 7th Amendment Act, 1956 ✓
- b. 42nd Amendment Act, 1976
- c. 44th Amendment Act, 1978
- d. 92nd Amendment Act, 2003

✓ **Correct** 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

13

*

A Proclamation of Emergency (National Emergency) can be issued by the President if he is satisfied that a grave emergency exists whereby the security of India or of any part of the territory thereof is threatened, whether by:

- a. War, external aggression, or internal disturbance.
- b. War, external aggression, or armed rebellion. ✓
- c. War, external aggression, or financial instability.
- d. Internal disturbance or armed rebellion.

✓ **Correct** 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

14

*

A Proclamation of National Emergency must be approved by resolutions of both Houses of Parliament within:

- a. One month from the date of its issue. ✓
- b. Two months from the date of its issue.
- c. Six months from the date of its issue.
- d. One year from the date of its issue.

✓ Correct 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

15

*

If a Proclamation of National Emergency is approved by Parliament, it remains in force for a period of:

- a. Three months and extendable for further 6 months
- b. 1 year and extendable for 1 year
- c. Indefinitely
- d. Six months unless revoked earlier ✓

✓ Correct 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

16

*

The imposition of President's Rule in a State on the failure of constitutional machinery is governed by:

- a. Article 352
- b. Article 356 ✓
- c. Article 358
- d. Article 360

✓ Correct 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

17

*

The landmark case of S.R. Bommai v. Union of India (1994) significantly curbed the arbitrary use of which Article of the Constitution?

- a. Article 352
- b. Article 356 ✓
- c. Article 360
- d. All of the above

✓ Correct 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

18

*

No civil proceedings in which relief is claimed against the President, or the Governor of a State, shall be instituted during his term of office in any court in respect of any act done or purporting to be done by him in his personal capacity, whether before or after he entered upon his office, until the expiration of _____ after notice in writing has been delivered to him.

- a. 1 month
- b. 2 months ✓
- c. 3 months
- d. 6 months

✓ Correct 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

19

*

Which of the following Constitutional Amendment Acts required ratification by the Legislatures of not less than one-half of the States?

- I. Amendment of the Fourth Schedule
- II. Any lists in the Seventh Schedule
- III. The Representation of States in Parliament
- IV. The provisions of Article 368 itself

- a. I and II only
- b. I, II, and III only
- c. II, III, and IV only ✓
- d. All of the above

✓ Correct 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

20

*

The 42nd Constitutional Amendment Act, 1976, inserted clauses (4) and (5) in Article 368, declaring that no constitutional amendment could be questioned in any court and that there would be no limitation on Parliament's constituent power. These clauses were subsequently struck down by the Supreme Court in:

- a. Golaknath v. State of Punjab
- b. Minerva Mills v. Union of India ✓
- c. S.P. Sampath v. Union of India
- d. S.R. Bommai v. Union of India

✓ Correct 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

21

*

Arrange the following cases related to Article 368 in chronological order from the oldest to the latest:

- I. Shankari Prasad v. Union of India
- II. I.C. Golaknath v. Union of India
- III. Kesavananda Bharti v. Union of India
- IV. Minerva Mills v. Union of India

- a. 1,2,3,4 ✓
- b. 4,3,2,1
- c. 1,3,2,4
- d. 1,2,4,3

✓ Correct 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

22

*

Which Article provides special provisions for the State of Nagaland, including protection for religious or social practices of the Nagas, Naga customary law and procedure, and ownership and transfer of land and its resources?

- a. Article 371
- b. Article 371A ✓
- c. Article 371B
- d. Article 371C

✓ Correct 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

23

*

Article 374(2) provides for the transfer of all appeals, applications, and proceedings pending before His Majesty in Council at the commencement of the Constitution to the:

- a. Supreme Court of India ✓
- b. President of India
- c. High Courts of the State
- d. None of the above

✓ Correct 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

24

*

Which of the following Articles of the Constitution came into force immediately upon its enactment on 26th November 1949?

- I. Article 5
- II. Article 324
- III. Article 366
- IV. Article 394

- a. I, II, and III only
- b. I and II only
- c. II and III only
- d. All of the above ✓

✓ **Correct** 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

25

*

The authoritative text of the Constitution of India in the Hindi language was provided for by the insertion of Article 394A by the ____ Amendment Act

- a. 44th
- b. 58th ✓
- c. 62nd
- d. 92nd

✓ **Correct** 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

26

*

Match the following Special Provisions with the relevant State:

- | | |
|----------------------|--------------|
| I. | Article 371A |
| II. | Article 371F |
| III. | Article 371H |
| IV. | Article 371J |
| P. Sikkim | |
| Q. Nagaland | |
| R. Karnataka | |
| S. Arunachal Pradesh | |

- a. I-Q, II-P, III-S, IV-R ✓
- b. I-P, II-Q, III-R, IV-S
- c. I-Q, II-S, III-P, IV-R
- d. I-S, II-P, III-Q, IV-R

✓ Correct 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

27

*

Arrange the following events related to Constitutional Amendments in chronological order:

- I. Insertion of Article 323A and 323B (Tribunals)
- II. Replacement of 'internal disturbance' with 'armed rebellion' in Article 352
- III. Introduction of the concept of 'Basic Structure' through a Supreme Court judgment in the context of Article 368

- a. III, I, II ✓
- b. I, II, III
- c. III, II, I
- d. II, III, I

✓ Correct 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

28

*

Which article of the constitution provides for the appointment of a Special Officer for linguistic minorities?

- a. Article 350
- b. Article 350A
- c. Article 350B ✓
- d. Article 351

✓ Correct 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

29

*

Which of the following statements is incorrect with respect to Article 361 of the Constitution?

- a. The President is not answerable to any court for the exercise of powers and duties of his office.
- b. No criminal proceedings can be instituted against the Governor during his term of office.
- c. No civil proceedings can be instituted against the President during his term of office.
- d. The Governor is answerable to the court for his personal acts done before entering office. ✓

✓ Correct 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

30

*

Which part of the Constitution deals with 'Temporary, Transitional and Special Provisions'?

- a. Part XIX
- b. Part XX
- c. Part XXI ✓
- d. Part XXII

✓ Correct 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

31

*

Which of the following acts are repealed by Article 395 of the Constitution?

- I. The Indian Independence Act, 1947
- II. The Government of India Act, 1935
- III. Abolition of Privy Council Jurisdiction Act, 1949

- a. I and II only ✓
- b. II and III only
- c. I and III only
- d. All of the above

✓ Correct 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

32

*

Which Article of the Indian Constitution casts a duty upon the Union to promote the spread of the Hindi language and to develop it so that it may serve as a medium of expression for all the elements of the composite culture of India?

- a. Article 343
- b. Article 344
- c. Article 350
- d. Article 351 ✓

✓ Correct 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

33

*

If any State fails to comply with, or to give effect to, any directions given in the exercise of the executive power of the Union, the President may hold that a situation has arisen in which the government of the State cannot be carried on in accordance with the provisions of the Constitution. This consequence is provided under:

- A. Article 355
- B. Article 356
- C. Article 365 ✓
- D. Article 369

✓ Correct 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

34

*

The Supreme Court in which of the following cases held that the advice tendered by the Council of Ministers to the President is not justiciable?

- a. S.P. Gupta v Union of India
- b. Minerva Mills Ltd. v Union of India
- c. Union of India v S.R. Bommai
- d. Sardarilal v Union of India ✓

✓ Correct 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

35

*

Match the following Articles with their provisions related to the President:

- | | |
|-----------------|--|
| I. Article 60 | A. Procedure for impeachment of the President |
| II. Article 61 | B. Term of office of President M.M-50 TIME-45 MINS |
| III. Article 56 | C. Oath or affirmation by the President |
| IV. Article 58 | D. Qualifications for election as President |

- a. I-C, II-A, III-B, IV-D ✓
- b. I-A, II-C, III-D, IV-B
- c. I-C, II-D, III-A, IV-B
- d. I-D, II-C, III-B, IV-A

✓ Correct 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

36

*

The power of the President to grant pardons, reprieves, respites or remissions of punishment or to suspend, remit or commute the sentence of any person convicted of any offence is provided under:

- a. Section 71
- b. Section 72 ✓
- c. Section 73
- d. Section 74

✓ Correct 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

37

*

In which of the following cases did the Supreme Court hold that 'aid and advice' of the Council of Ministers is binding on the President?

- a. Shamsher Singh v. State of Punjab ✓
- b. S.P. Anand v. Union of India
- c. A.D.M. Jabalpur v. Shivakant Shukla
- d. Kehar Singh v. Union of India

✓ Correct 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

38

*

A Bill is deemed to be a 'Money Bill' if it contains only provisions dealing with:

- I. The imposition, abolition, remission, alteration or regulation of any tax.
- II. The regulation of the borrowing of money or the giving of any guarantee by the Government of India.
- III. The appropriation of money out of the Consolidated Fund of India.
- IV. Imposition of fines or other pecuniary penalties.

- a. I, II, and III only
- b. I, II, and IV only ✓
- c. I, III, and IV only
- d. All of the above

✓ Correct 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

39

*

The salaries and allowances of the Chairman and the Deputy Chairman of the Rajya Sabha, and the Speaker and the Deputy Speaker of the Lok Sabha, are charged upon:

- a. The Consolidated Fund of India ✓
- b. The Contingency Fund of India
- c. Grants made by Parliament
- d. Public Account of India

✓ Correct 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

40

*

In which case did the Supreme Court hold that the pardoning power of the President/Governor under Articles 72 and 161 is subject to judicial review?

- a. Maru Ram v. Union of India
- b. K.M. Nanavati v. State of Bombay
- c. Epuru Sudhakar v. Govt. of A.P.
- d. Both a and c ✓

✓ Correct 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

41

*

What is the maximum number of members the President can nominate to the Rajya Sabha from persons having special knowledge or practical experience in literature, science, art, and social service?

- a. 2
- b. 10
- c. 12 ✓
- d. 14

✓ Correct 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

42

*

The Supreme Court of India consists of a Chief Justice and, until Parliament by law prescribes a larger number, of not more than:

- a. 25 other judges
- b. 30 other judges
- c. 33 other judges ✓
- d. 34 other judges

✓ Correct 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

43

*

In which case did the Supreme Court lay down the procedure and guidelines for the appointment and transfer of judges of the higher judiciary, emphasizing the primacy of the Chief Justice of India's opinion in consultation with senior judges?

- a. S.P. Gupta v Union of India
- b. Supreme Court Advocates on Record Association v Union of India
- c. In Re: Presidential Reference
- d. All of the above have contributed to evolution of the Collegium System ✓

✓ Correct 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

44

*

Under Article 55 of the Constitution, for the manner of election of the President, every elected member of the Legislative Assembly of a State shall have as many votes as there are multiples of _____ in the quotient obtained by dividing the population of the State by the total number of the elected members of the Assembly.

- a. One thousand ✓
- b. One Hundred
- c. Ten thousand
- d. One lakh

✓ Correct 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

45

*

In the event of the occurrence of any vacancy in the office of the President by reason of his death, resignation or removal, or otherwise, the Vice- President shall act as President until a new President is elected. The election to fill the vacancy must be held:

- a. Within three months from the date of the vacancy
- b. Within six months from the date of the vacancy ✓
- c. Within one year from the date of the vacancy
- d. As soon as possible, but no specific time limit is prescribed

✓ Correct 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

46

*

In which landmark case did the Supreme Court examine the scope of the President's power under Article 72 to suspend, remit, or commute sentences, particularly in capital punishment cases?

- a. Maru Singh v. Union of India
- b. Kehar Singh v. Union of India ✓
- c. Epuru Sudhakar v. Government of A.P.
- d. Mohd. Arif v. The Registrar

✓ Correct 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

47

*

Match the following Articles with their provisions related to the Council of Ministers:

- | | | |
|------|------------|--|
| I. | Article 74 | A. Conduct of business of the Government of India |
| II. | Article 75 | B. Council of Ministers to aid and advise the President |
| III. | Article 77 | C. Duties of Prime Minister as respects furnishing of information to the President, etc. |
| IV. | Article 78 | D. Other provisions as to Ministers (e.g., appointment, collective responsibility) |

- a. I-B, II-D, III-A, IV-C ✓
- b. I-A, II-C, III-D, IV-B
- c. I-B, II-A, III-C, IV-D
- d. I-D, II-C, III-A, IV-B

✓ Correct 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

48

*

The doctrine of 'Pith and Substance' is primarily used to resolve issues related to:

- a. Violation of Fundamental Rights
- b. Legislative competence between the Union and State Legislatures ✓
- c. Presidential Assent to Bills
- d. None of the above

✓ Correct 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

49

*

The power of the Supreme Court to punish for its contempt is derived from which Article of the Constitution?

- a. Article 129 ✓
- b. Article 130
- c. Article 131
- d. Article 136

✓ Correct 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

50

*

Which of the following statements about the 'Budget' (Annual Financial Statement) is correct?

- a. It is presented to the Rajya Sabha first
- b. It contains estimates of receipts and expenditure of the Government of India for the ensuing financial year
- c. It must be approved by the Parliament before the start of the financial year
- d. Both b and c ✓

✓ Correct 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

51

*

The President's power to make rules for more convenient transaction of the business of the Government of India, and for the allocation among Ministers of the said business, is exercised under:

- a. Article 74
- b. Article 75
- c. Article 77 ✓
- d. Article 78

✓ Correct 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

52

*

A person shall be disqualified for being chosen as, and for being, a member of either House of Parliament if he holds any office of profit under the Government of India or the Government of any State, unless:

- a. He has obtained prior permission from the President
- b. Such office is declared by Parliament by law not to disqualify its holder ✓
- c. He holds a ministerial position
- d. The Election Commission certifies that the office is not likely to cause conflict of interest

✓ **Correct** 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

53

*

The recommendation of the President is required for the introduction of a Bill that imposes or varies any tax, or affects the Consolidated Fund of India. This provision is contained in:

- a. Article 110
- b. Article 113
- c. Article 117 ✓
- d. Article 119

✓ **Correct** 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

54

*

Parliament has the power to regulate by law any matter relating to the election of the President or the Vice-President. This power is explicitly granted under:

- a. Article 71 ✓
- b. Article 66
- c. Article 62
- d. Article 55

✓ **Correct** 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

55

*

The validity of any proceedings in Parliament shall not be called in question on the ground of any alleged irregularity of procedure. This protection is provided under:

- a. Article 121
- b. Article 122 ✓
- c. Article 123
- d. Article 124

✓ **Correct** 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

56

*

A person can be member of the Council of Ministers without being a MP for a maximum period of ___ months.

- a. 3
- b. 6 ✓
- c. 9
- d. 12

✓ Correct 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

57

*

Assertion (A): The Constitution vests the executive powers of the Union in the President of India.

Reason (R): The President of India is the Constitutional head of the State.

- a. Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct explanation of (A) ✓
- b. Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A)
- c. (A) is true but (R) is false
- d. (A) is false but (R) is true

✓ Correct 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

58

*

Parliament or a State Legislature can declare a seat vacant if a member absents himself without permission from the sessions for:

- a. 30 days
- b. 60 days ✓
- c. 90 days
- d. 120 days

✓ Correct 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

59

*

In which of the following circumstances can Parliament legislate on a matter in the State List?

- I. If the Rajya Sabha passes a resolution by a special majority
- II. During a Proclamation of Emergency
- III. To implement international treaties
- IV. If two or more states consent

- a. I, II, and III
- b. II, III, and IV
- c. I, III, and IV
- d. All of the above ✓

✓ Correct 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

60

*

A law made by Parliament in relation to a matter in the State List, by virtue of a Proclamation of Emergency, shall cease to have effect on the expiration of a period of _____ after the Proclamation has ceased to operate.

- a. Three months
- b. Six months ✓
- c. One year
- d. Two years

✓ Correct 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

61

*

The proviso to Article 254(2) states that if a State law on a Concurrent List matter has been reserved for the consideration of the President and has received his assent, it shall prevail in that State. However, Parliament is not precluded from enacting any law with respect to the same matter including a law adding to, amending, varying, or repealing the law so made by the Legislature of the State. This reflects the principle of:

- A. Cooperative Federalism
- B. Harmonious Construction
- C. Doctrine of Pith and Substance
- D. Parliamentary supremacy in concurrent matters ✓

✓ Correct 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

62

*

The Automobile Transport (Rajasthan) Ltd. v. State of Rajasthan (1962) case established the 'compensatory or regulatory tax' theory in relation to freedom of trade. This means that:

- a. All taxes on trade are unconstitutional.
- b. Taxes levied to compensate for the use of facilities provided by the State are permissible. ✓
- c. Only direct taxes are allowed on inter-state trade.
- d. Restrictions on trade are valid only if they are for public interest and not revenue generation.

✓ **Correct** 4/4 Points

4 / 4 pts
Auto-graded

63

*

The case of *Atiabari Tea Co. Ltd. v. The State of Assam* (1961) primarily dealt with the interpretation of:

- a. Article 265
- b. Article 301 ✓
- c. Article 300A
- d. Article 309